



A Premier Institute for Pre-Medical & Pre Engineering

**SRI VIDYA
ARADHANA
ACADEMY**
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Topic: Sets

Mathematics

Assignment 02 • Subsets, Power Set & Intervals

Chetan Sir

"You don't have to be brilliant today, only a little better than you were yesterday."
 $A \subseteq B$: every element of A is in B . **Proper subset** $A \subset B$: $A \subseteq B$ but $A \neq B$. $\emptyset$ is a subset of every set.

 A set with n elements has 2^n **subsets**, $2^n - 1$ **proper subsets**, $2^n - 1$ **non-empty subsets**.

Power set $P(A)$ = set of all subsets of A , so $n(P(A)) = 2^n$ and $n(P(P(A))) = 2^{2^n}$. **Intervals**: (a, b) excludes ends, $[a, b]$ includes them.

SECTION A : ELEMENT ($\in$) vs SUBSET ($\subseteq$)

1. State true or false:

- (i) $2 \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ (ii) $\{2\} \in \{1, 2, 3\}$
 (iii) $\{2\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3\}$ (iv) $\emptyset \subseteq \{1, 2, 3\}$
 (v) $\emptyset \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ (vi) $\{1, 2\} \subset \{1, 2, 3\}$

2. Let $A = \{1, 2, \{3, 4\}, 5\}$. State which are true:

- (i) $\{3, 4\} \subset A$ (ii) $\{\{3, 4\}\} \subset A$ (iii) $1 \subset A$
 (iv) $\{1, 2, 3\} \subset A$ (v) $1 \in A$ (vi) $\{1, 2, 5\} \subset A$

[NCERT]3. For $A = \{1, 2, \{3, 4\}, 5\}$, state which are *incorrect*:

- (i) $\{3, 4\} \in A$ (ii) $\{1, 2, 5\} \in A$ (iii) $\emptyset \in A$
 (iv) $\emptyset \subset A$ (v) $\{\emptyset\} \subset A$

[NCERT]4. Fill each blank with $\subseteq$ or $\not\subseteq$:

- (i) $\{3, 4, 5\} __ \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ (ii) $\{1, 2, 3\} __ \{2, 3, 4\}$
 (iii) $\{x : x \text{ even natural}\} __ \mathbb{Z}$
 (iv) $\{x : x \text{ a triangle}\} __ \{x : x \text{ a rectangle}\}$
 (v) $\{x : x \text{ prime}\} __ \mathbb{N}$

SECTION B : SUBSETS & POWER SET

5. Write down all the subsets of $\{a, b, c\}$.6. Write down all the *proper* subsets of $\{1, 2, 3\}$.7. List all the subsets of the set $\{1, \{2\}\}$. **[NCERT]**8. Write the power set $P(\{7, 10, 11\})$ and verify it has $2^3 = 8$ elements.9. Find the universal set with the least number of elements for $A = \{x : x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0\}$ and $B = \{x : x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0\}$. **[NCERT]**10. Which can be a universal set for $A = \{1, 3, 5\}$, $B = \{2, 4, 6\}$, $C = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$: (i) $\{0, 1, \dots, 6\}$ (ii) $\emptyset$ (iii) $\{0, 1, \dots, 10\}$ (iv) $\{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$ **[NCERT]**11. If $P(A) = P(B)$, what is the relation between A and B ? **[NCERT]**

SECTION C : COUNTING SUBSETS (Integer Type)

12. The total number of subsets of a set containing 5 elements is _____. **[NCERT]**13. The number of proper subsets of $\{1, 2, 3\}$ is _____. **[NCERT]**14. The number of non-empty subsets of $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ is _____. **[NCERT]**15. Two finite sets have m and n elements. The number of subsets of the first is 48 more than that of the second. Find m and n .16. Find $n\{P(P(P(P(\emptyset))))\}$. **[NCERT]**17. If a set A has exactly 128 subsets, the number of elements in A is _____. **[NCERT]**18. The number of subsets of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ that contain the element 3 is _____. **[NCERT]**

SECTION D : INTERVALS

19. Write as intervals:

- (i) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : -3 < x < 5\}$ (ii) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 2 \leq x \leq 9\}$
 (iii) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : -7 < x \leq 0\}$ (iv) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 4 \leq x < 11\}$

20. Write in set-builder form:

- (i) $(-3, 0)$ (ii) $[6, 12]$ (iii) $(6, 12]$ (iv) $[-23, 5)$

[NCERT]

21. Write the interval representing (i) all non-negative reals, (ii) all negative reals.

[NCERT]

SECTION E : MULTIPLE CHOICE

22. The number of proper subsets of a set with n elements is

- (A) 2^n (B) $2^n - 1$ (C) $2^n - 2$ (D) n^2

23. If $A = \emptyset$, then $P(A)$ is

- (A) $\emptyset$ (B) $\{\emptyset\}$ (C) $\{0\}$ (D) $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$

24. $n(P(P(P(\emptyset))))$ equals

- (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 8 (D) 16

25. If $X = \{8^n - 7n - 1 : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ and $Y = \{49(n - 1) : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$, then

- (A) $X \subseteq Y$ (B) $Y \subseteq X$
(C) $X = Y$ (D) None of these

26. Which of the following is a subset of *every* set?

- (A) $\{0\}$ (B) $\emptyset$
(C) $\{\emptyset\}$ (D) the universal set

ANSWER KEY

1. (i)T (ii)F (iii)T (iv)T (v)F (vi)T

4. (i) $\subseteq$ (ii) $\not\subseteq$ (iii) $\subseteq$ (iv) $\not\subseteq$ (v) $\subseteq$

7. $\emptyset, \{1\}, \{\{2\}\}, \{1, \{2\}\}$

10. (iii)

13. 7

16. 16

19. (i) $(-3, 5)$ (ii) $[2, 9]$ (iii) $(-7, 0]$
(iv) $[4, 11)$

22. B

25. A

2. (ii), (v), (vi) are true

5. $\emptyset, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, b, c\}$

8. $\emptyset, \{7\}, \{10\}, \{11\}, \{7, 10\}, \{7, 11\}, \{10, 11\}, \{7, 10, 11\}$

11. $A = B$

14. 15

17. 7

20. (i) $\{-3 < x < 0\}$ (ii) $\{6 \leq x \leq 12\}$
(iii) $\{6 < x \leq 12\}$ (iv) $\{-23 \leq x < 5\}$

23. B

26. B

3. (ii), (iii), (v) are incorrect

6. $\emptyset, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{2, 3\}$

9. $\{1, 2, 3\}$

12. 32

15. $m = 6, n = 4$

18. 16

21. (i) $[0, \infty)$ (ii) $(-\infty, 0)$

24. B